

Fellia dispar E 0.2 A 0.1 В

Key to drawings

Adult carapaces (A,B females, C,D males)

Details of the first antennae and frontal organs and the endopodite of the left second antennae of females (E and F) and males (G and H)

Details of the armature of the male first antenna setae (I).

Fellia dispar (Müller, G.W., 1906)

Records: 30

A species that is endemic to the Southern Hemisphere between latitudes 28°S and 45°S and zoogeographical range suggests that it is associated with the subtropical front. It was originally described as a subspecies of *Fellia cornuta* by Muller (1906) but was raised to full species status by Deevey (1982). It generally occurs at depths of 1000-2000m.

	n	Mean mm	s.d.	Range mm
Female	44	3.22	0.077	3.08-3.40
Male	5	3.08	0.025	3.04-3.12
A-1	8	2.14	0.080	2.04-2.30
A-2				
A-3				